(9) Other allowable WIA activities in the private sector. (WIA sec. 181(e).)

## § 667.264 What other activities are prohibited under title I of WIA?

- (a) WIA title I funds must not be spent on:
- (1) The wages of incumbent employees during their participation in economic development activities provided through a Statewide workforce investment system, (WIA sec. 181(b)(1).);
- (2) Public service employment, except to provide disaster relief employment, as specifically authorized in section 173(d) of WIA, (WIA sec. 195(10));
- (3) Expenses prohibited under any other Federal, State or local law or regulation.
- (b) WIA formula funds available to States and local areas under subtitle B, title I of WIA must not be used for foreign travel. (WIA sec. 181(e).)

## § 667.266 What are the limitations related to sectarian activities?

- (a) Limitations related to sectarian activities are set forth at WIA section 188(a)(3) and 29 CFR 37.6(f).
  - (b) Under these limitations:
- (1) WIA title I financial assistance may not be spent on the employment or training of participants in sectarian activities. This limitation is more fully described at 29 CFR 37.6(f)(1).
- (2) Under 29 CFR 37.6(f)(1), participants must not be employed under title I of WIA to carry out the construction, operation, or maintenance of any part of any facility that is used or to be used for sectarian instruction or as a place for religious worship. However, as discussed in 29 CFR 37.6(f)(2), WIA financial assistance may be used for the maintenance of a facility that is not primarily or inherently devoted to sectarian instruction or religious worship if the organization operating the facility is part of a program or activity providing services to WIA participants. (WIA sec. 188(a)(3).)

## § 667.268 What prohibitions apply to the use of WIA title I funds to encourage business relocation?

- (a) WIA funds may not be used or proposed to be used for:
- (1) The encouragement or inducement of a business, or part of a busi-

- ness, to relocate from any location in the United States, if the relocation results in any employee losing his or her job at the original location;
- (2) Customized training, skill training, or on-the-job training or company specific assessments of job applicants or employees of a business or a part of a business that has relocated from any location in the United States, until the company has operated at that location for 120 days, if the relocation has resulted in any employee losing his or her jobs at the original location.
- (b) Pre-award review. To verify that an establishment which is new or expanding is not, in fact, relocating employment from another area, standardized pre-award review criteria developed by the State must be completed and documented jointly by the local area with the establishment as a prerequisite to WIA assistance.
- (1) The review must include names under which the establishment does business, including predecessors and successors in interest; the name, title, and address of the company official certifying the information, and whether WIA assistance is sought in connection with past or impending job losses at other facilities, including a review of whether WARN notices relating to the employer have been filed.
- (2) The review may include consultations with labor organizations and others in the affected local area(s). (WIA sec. 181(d).)

## § 667.269 What procedures and sanctions apply to violations of §§ 667.260 through 667.268?

- (a) We will promptly review and take appropriate action on alleged violations of the provisions relating to:
- (1) Employment generating activities (§ 667.262);
- (2) Other prohibited activities (§ 667.264);
- (3) The limitation related to sectarian activities (§ 667.266);
- (4) The use of WIA title I funds to encourage business relocation (§667.268).
- (b) Procedures for the investigation and resolution of the violations are provided for under the Grant Officer's resolution process at §667.510. Sanctions and remedies are provided for